



2007 Health Information Technology Crosswalk: Senate Legislation

	Stabenow 1408)	(S. Stabenow-Snowe- Whitehouse Res. 202)	(S. Conrad Con. Res. 21)	(S. Whitehouse 1455)	(S. Kennedy-Enzi- Hatch 1693)	Clinton- (S. Leahy-Kennedy 1814)	(S.
Official Title	Health Information Technology Act of 2007	National Health IT Week	FY08 Budget Resolution and HIT Fund	National Health Information Technology and Privacy Advancement Act of 2007	Wired for Health Care Quality Act	Health Information Privacy and Security Act	
HIMSS Endorsed	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Co-sponsors	1	2	0	2	9	1	
Status	Referred to Finance Committee	Submitted in the Senate, Considered, and Agreed to	Senate agreed to conference report by Yeas-Nays Vote. 52 - 40.	Referred to Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions	Referred to Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions	Referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and	
Codifies ONCHIT	No	No	No	No**	Yes, with Sunset	No	
Promotes Standards Adoption	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Proposes Advisory Body	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Promotes Interoperability	Yes, standards developed within two years of enactment	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	
New Funding	No	No	Yes	Not Specifically	Not Specifically	Yes	
Loan Guarantees	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	
Grants	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	
Matching Requirements	No	No	No	No	Yes, \$1 Non-Federal for \$3 Federal	No	
Safe Harbor	No	No	No	No	No	No	
CCHIT	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Privacy & Security Requirements	Does not affect applicability of HIPAA, Title XI of the Social Security Act, or any other previously standing regulations	None	None	Establishes National Corporation for Health Information Technology and Privacy which includes a Chief Privacy Officer to develop new privacy and security standards	Creates a nonprofit national health information technology and privacy corporation, headed by its board and a Chief Privacy Officer, to ensure that the use of technologies by the corporation sustain, and do not erode, privacy protections relating to the use, collection, and disclosure of personal information	Creates the Office of Health Information Privacy within HHS to protect the right of privacy of personal health information with the power to set privacy standards and penalize entities who compromise identifiable health information	
Other Key Attributes	-Uses funds from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund to establish grants for the purpose of assistance in offsetting costs incurred related to clinical health care informatics systems and services -20% of funds reserved for Entities in Health Professional Shortage Areas or Rural Areas -Adjusted Medicare Payments	-A resolution designating the period beginning on May 14, 2007, and ending on May 18, 2007, as "National Health Information Technology Week"	-Authorizes Senate to pass legislation that provides incentives or other support for the adoption of modern information technology to improve quality and protect privacy -Encourages integration of health information technology tools into the practice of medicine	-Congress declares that it is not the policy of this Act to preclude the private development of health information technologies	-Establishes the American Health Information Community to create and maintain a nationwide interoperable health information technology infrastructure -Standards implementations are voluntary for private entities, except those entering in contract with the Federal govt and only for activities related to that contract -Three private entities will be contracted to store and report health data	-Creates incentives to turn protected health information into de-identified health information where appropriate -Imposes fines for violations of privacy or security standards that compromises individual health information -Grants available to help inform and advise individuals with limited English language proficiency and limited health literacy	


2007 Health Information Technology Crosswalk: House Legislation




Gonzalez-Gringey (H.R. 1952)
Gringey (H.R. 2377)
(H.R. Kennedy-Murphy Con. Res. 149)
(H. Moore, et al 2991)
(H.R. Appropriations Bill 110-231)
Eshoo Promoting Health Information Technology Act (HR 3800)

Official Title	National Health Information Incentive Act of 2007	Assisting Doctors to Obtain Proficient and Transmissible Health Information Technology (ADOPT HIT) Act of 2007	Expressing support for the goals and ideals of National Health Information Technology Week, and encouraging the President to issue a proclamation supporting those goals and ideals	Independent Health Record Trust Act of 2007	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education and Related Agencies Appropriations	House Companion to Senate Wired for Healthcare Act
HIMSS Endorsed	Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes with 6 caveats
Co-sponsors	13	0	16	37		5
Status	Referred to Subcommittee on Health	Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and to the Committee on Energy and Commerce	Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce	Referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Ways and Means Committee	Passed in the House and Senate and Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the	Referred to House Committee on Energy and Commerce
Codifies ONCHIT	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes, with Sunset
Promotes Standards Adoption	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Proposes Advisory Body	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
Promotes Interoperability	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
New Funding	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Not Specifically
Loan Guarantees	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes
Grants	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes
Matching Requirements	No	No	No	No	No	Yes, \$1 Non-Federal for \$3 Federal
Safe Harbor	No	No	No	No	No	No
CCHIT	No	No	No	No	No	No
Privacy & Security Requirements	No	No	No	-Creates a Privacy Protection Agreement between the IHRT and participant -Access and interoperability protocol is developed and regulated by an Interagency Steering Committee and a Federal Advisory Committee formed by The National Committee for Vital and Health Statistics and the FTC	No	Creates a nonprofit national health information technology and privacy corporation, headed by its board and a Chief Privacy Officer, to ensure that the use of technologies by the corporation sustain, and do not erode, privacy protections relating to the use, collection, and disclosure of personal information
Other Key Attributes	-Provides financial incentive to small medical care providers and entities to implement a national health information infrastructure -Reimbursements shall be made in a manner that takes into account the costs of implementation, training, and complying with applicable standards -Voluntary participation -The technology must meet such guidelines for functionality as may be developed by the Secretary Amends Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives for HIT adoption	-The Secretary of Health and Human Services will develop criteria to ensure and certify that hardware, software, and support services for the electronic exchange of health information meet certain standards -The Secretary of Health and Human Services may recognize a private entity or entities to assist in the certification process -Amends Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives for HIT adoption	-House recognizes the value of information technology and management systems to transforming healthcare for all Americans, supports the goals and ideals of National Health Information Technology Week, and encourages the President to issue a proclamation calling upon all stakeholders to promote the use of information technology and management systems to transform the United States healthcare system	-Creates Independent Health Record Trusts, certified and regulated by the FTC, to compile, maintain, and regulate access to the Electronic Health Records of its voluntary participants -IHRTs may collect usage fees or sell information, according to privacy agreements, to fund its operations (charges not applicable to providers) -EHRs may be accessed by providers for emergency care information, as allowed by participant	-Provides \$61,302,000 for the health information technology office, of which \$13,302,000 is available in budget authority and \$48,000,000 is available in program evaluation tap funding -This total is the same as the amount made available in fiscal year 2007 and \$56,570,000 below the Administration request -\$45,000,000 is provided for health information technology activities in the AHRQ	-Establishes the American Health Information Community to create and maintain a nationwide interoperable health information technology infrastructure -Standards implementations are voluntary for private entities, except those entering in contract with the Federal govt and only for activities related to that contract -Three private entities will be contracted to store and report health data

2007 Health Information Technology Crosswalk: Federal Legislation


	Stabenow (S. 1408)	Stabenow-Snowe-Whitehouse (S. Res. 202)	Conrad (S. Con. Res. 21)
Official Title	Health Information Technology Act of 2007	National Health IT Week	FY08 Budget Resolution and HIT Fund
HIMSS Endorsed	Yes	Yes	Yes
Co-sponsors	1	2	0
Status	Referred to Finance Committee	Submitted in the Senate, Considered, and Agreed to	Senate agreed to conference report by Yeas - 52 - 40.
Codifies ONCHIT	No	No	No
Promotes Standards Adoption	Yes	No	No
Proposes Advisory Body	No	No	No
Promotes Interoperability	Yes, standard developed within two years of enactment	No	No
New Funding	No	No	Yes
Loan Guarantees	No	No	No
Grants	Yes	No	No
Matching Requirements	No	No	No
Safe Harbor	No	No	No
CCHIT	No	No	No

2007 Health Information Technology Crosswalk: Federal Legislation


	Stabenow (S. 1408)	Stabenow-Snowe-Whitehouse (S. Res. 202)	Conrad (S. Con. Res. 21)
<p>Privacy & Security Requirements</p>	<p>-Does not affect applicability of HIPAA, Title XI of the Social Security Act, or any other previously standing regulations</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>None</p>
<p>Other Key Attributes</p>	<p>-Uses funds from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund to establish grants for the purpose of assistance in offsetting costs incurred related to clinical health care informatics systems and services -20% of funds reserved for Entities in Health Professional Shortage Areas or Rural Areas -Adjusted Medicare Payments</p>	<p>-A resolution designating the period beginning on May 14, 2007, and ending on May 18, 2007, as "National Health Information Technology Week"</p>	<p>-Authorizes Senate to pass legislation that provides incentives or other support for the adoption of modern information technology to improve quality and protect privacy -Encourages integration of health information technology tools into the practice of medicine</p>


2007 Health Information Technology Crosswalk: Federal Legislation

	Whitehouse (S. 1455)	Kennedy-Enzi-Clinton-Hatch (S. 1693)	Leahy-Kennedy (S. 1814)
Official Title	National Health Information Technology and Privacy Advancement Act of 2007	Wired for Health Care Quality Act	Health Information Privacy and Security Act
HIMSS Endorsed	Yes		
Co-sponsors	2	9	1
Status	Referred to Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions	Referred to Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions	Referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions
Codifies ONCHIT	No**	Yes, with Sunset	No
Promotes Standards Adoption	Yes	Yes	Yes
Proposes Advisory Body	Yes	Yes	Yes
Promotes Interoperability	Yes	Yes	No
New Funding	Not Specifically	Not Specifically	Yes
Loan Guarantees	No	Yes	No
Grants	No	Yes	Yes
Matching Requirements	No	Yes, \$1 Non-Federal for \$3 Federal	No
Safe Harbor	No	No	No
CCHIT	No	No	No


	Whitehouse (S. 1455)	Kennedy-Enzi-Clinton-Hatch (S. 1693)	Leahy-Kennedy (S. 1814)
<p>Privacy & Security Requirements</p>	<p>-Establishes National Corporation for Health Information Technology and Privacy which includes a Chief Privacy Officer to develop new privacy and security standards</p>	<p>-Creates a nonprofit national health information technology and privacy corporation, headed by its board and a Chief Privacy Officer, to ensure that the use of technologies by the corporation sustain, and do not erode, privacy protections relating to the use, collection, and disclosure of personal information</p>	<p>-Creates the Office of Health information Privacy within HHS to protect the right of privacy of personal health information with the power to set privacy standards and penalize entities who compromise identifiable health information</p>
<p>Other Key Attributes</p>	<p>-Congress declares that it is not the policy of this Act to preclude the private development of health information technologies</p>	<p>-Establishes the American Health Information Community to create and maintain a nationwide interoperable health information technology infrastructure -Standards implementations are voluntary for private entities, except those entering in contract with the Federal govt and only for activities related to that contract -Three private entities will be contracted to store and report health data</p>	<p>-Creates incentives to turn protected health information into de-identified health information where appropriate -Imposes fines for violations of privacy or security standards that compromises individual health information -Grants available to help inform and advise individuals with limited English language proficiency and limited health literacy</p>


2007 Health Information Technology Crosswalk: Federal Legislation

	Gonzalez-Gringey (H.R. 1952)	Gringey (H.R. 2377)	Kennedy-Murphy (H. Con. Res. 149)
Official Title	National Health Information Incentive Act of 2007	Assisting Doctors to Obtain Proficient and Transmissible Health Information Technology (ADOPT HIT) Act of 2007	Expressing support for the goals and ideals of National Health Information Technology Week, and encouraging the President to issue a proclamation supporting those goals and ideals
HIMSS Endorsed	Yes	Yes	Yes
Co-sponsors	13	0	16
Status	Referred to Subcommittee on Health	Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and to the Committee on Energy and Commerce	Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce
Codifies ONCHIT	Yes	No	No
Promotes Standards Adoption	Yes	Yes	No
Proposes Advisory Body	No	No	No
Promotes Interoperability	Yes	Yes	No
New Funding	Yes	No	No
Loan Guarantees	Yes	No	No
Grants	Yes	No	No
Matching Requirements	No	No	No
Safe Harbor	No	No	No
CCHIT	No	No	No

	Gonzalez-Gringey (H.R. 1952)	Gringey (H.R. 2377)	Kennedy-Murphy (H. Con. Res. 149)
<p>Privacy & Security Requirements</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>None</p>
<p>Other Key Attributes</p>	<p>-Provides financial incentive to small medical care providers and entities to implement a national health information infrastructure -Reimbursements shall be made in a manner that takes into account the costs of implementation, training, and complying with applicable standards -Voluntary participation -The technology must meet such guidelines for functionality as may be developed by the Secretary Amends Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives for HIT adoption</p>	<p>-The Secretary of Health and Human Services will develop criteria to ensure and certify that hardware, software, and support services for the electronic exchange of health information meet certain standards -The Secretary of Health and Human Services may recognize a private entity or entities to assist in the certification process -Amends Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives for HIT adoption</p>	<p>-House recognizes the value of information technology and management systems to transforming healthcare for all Americans, supports the goals and ideals of National Health Information Technology Week, and encourages the President to issue a proclamation calling upon all stakeholders to promote the use of information technology and management systems to transform the United States healthcare system</p>

2007 Health Information Technology Crosswalk: Federal Legislation

	Moore, et al (H.R. 2991) Appropriations Bill 110-231	
Official Title	Independent Health Record Trust Act of 2007	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education and Related Agencies Appropriations
HIMSS Endorsed		
Co-sponsors	37	
Status	Referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Ways and Means Committee	Passed in the House and Senate and Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union
Codifies ONCHIT	No	No
Promotes Standards Adoption	Yes	No
Proposes Advisory Body	Yes	No
Promotes Interoperability	Yes	No
New Funding	No	Yes
Loan Guarantees	No	No
Grants	No	No
Matching Requirements	No	No
Safe Harbor	No	No
CCHIT	No	No

	Moore, et al (H.R. 2991) Appropriations Bill 110-231	
Privacy & Security Requirements	-Creates a Privacy Protection Agreement between the IHRT and participant -Access and interoperability protocol is developed and regulated by an Interagency Steering Committee and a Federal Advisory Committee formed by The National Committee for Vital and Health Statistics and the FTC	No
Other Key Attributes	-Creates Independent Health Record Trusts, certified and regulated by the FTC, to compile, maintain, and regulate access to the Electronic Health Records of its voluntary participants -IHRTs may collect usage fees or sell information, according to privacy agreements, to fund its operations (charges not applicable to providers) -EHRs may be accessed by providers for emergency care information, as allowed by participant	-Provides \$61,302,000 for the health information technology office, of which \$13,302,000 is available in budget authority and \$48,000,000 is available in program evaluation tap funding -This total is the same as the amount made available in fiscal year 2007 and \$56,570,000 below the Administration request -\$45,000,000 is provided for health information technology activities in the AHRQ